

**Amendments to the Claims**

1. (Currently Amended) A method of scheduling data for  
2 transmission over a communication link based on priorities assigned to the data,  
comprising:  
4 receiving multiple descriptors at a communication interface device, each of said  
descriptors describing a data portion having an associated priority;  
6 storing said descriptors in a plurality of memories on said communication  
interface device, wherein each of said memories is configured to store one or more of  
8 said descriptors describing data associated with a predetermined priority;  
maintaining a dynamic weight for each of said plurality of memories, wherein  
10 each said dynamic weight corresponds to a threshold amount of data associated with said  
predetermined priority; and  
12 servicing said plurality of memories, wherein each said servicing of one of said  
plurality of memories comprises:  
14 (a) receiving a descriptor from said serviced memory;  
(b) retrieving data described by said received descriptor, wherein the amount  
16 of retrieved data may exceed said threshold amount;  
(c) scheduling said data for transmission via the communication link;  
18 (d) determining whether an amount of data scheduled during said servicing  
for transmission via said communication link exceeds said threshold amount of  
20 data corresponding to said dynamic weight for said serviced memory;  
(e) repeating states (a) through (d) for a next descriptor in said serviced  
memory if said amount of data scheduled for transmission during said servicing is  
less than said threshold amount of data; and  
24 (f) if said amount of data scheduled for transmission exceeds said threshold  
amount of data, decreasing said threshold for a next servicing of said serviced  
26 memory.

2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said  
servicing further comprises:

(g) determining if said serviced memory contains a descriptor.

3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said  
2 servicing further comprises:

4 (g) determining whether a dynamic weight for one of said plurality of  
memories has changed.

4. (Cancelled)

5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
2 if any of said dynamic weights changes prior to said next servicing, reinstating the  
pre-decreased threshold for said next servicing.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said receiving multiple  
2 descriptors comprises:

4 determining if a first memory of said plurality of memories contains less than a  
predetermined number of descriptors, wherein said first memory is configured to store  
one or more descriptors describing data associated with a first priority;

6 issuing a request to a host computer, said request identifying said first memory;  
receiving a first descriptor describing a first set of data having said first priority.

7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein said first descriptor  
2 comprises one or more of:

4 an identifier of a storage area on said host computer containing said first set of  
data;

6 an indicator configured to indicate whether said first set of data is a starting  
portion of data for a packet; and

8 an indicator configured to indicate whether said first set of data is an ending  
portion of data for a packet.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising transmitting

2 said data scheduled for transmission via said communication link before the entire  
contents of a packet comprising said scheduled data are scheduled for transmission.

9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein each of said dynamic  
2 weights is dynamically modifiable to adjust said threshold amounts of data.

10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the communication  
2 interface device is a network interface circuit and the communication link is a network.

11. (Previously Presented) A method of scheduling data for  
2 transmission over a communication link by servicing, in turn, multiple memories  
associated with data having different priorities, comprising:

4 storing in a first memory a first set of descriptors associated with data having a  
first priority, wherein said first memory has a first dynamic weight corresponding to a  
6 first threshold amount of data;

storing in a second memory a second set of descriptors associated with data  
8 having a second priority, wherein said second memory has a second dynamic weight  
corresponding to a second threshold amount of data;

10 in a first servicing turn of said first memory:

12 determining whether one of said first weight and said second weight has  
changed;

receiving a first descriptor from said first memory;

14 parsing said first descriptor to identify a first data portion having said first  
priority;

16 retrieving said first data portion from a host computer memory;

scheduling said first data portion for transmission onto the communication  
18 link; and

determining whether an amount of first priority data exceeding said first  
20 threshold has, during said first servicing turn, been scheduled for transmission;  
and

22 if said first threshold has been exceeded, maintaining a first deficit to determine

24 how much less than said first threshold of data may be scheduled during a subsequent  
servicing turn of said first memory, wherein said first deficit is initially proportional to  
said excess.

12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, further comprising,  
2 if said amount of first priority data scheduled for transmission during said first servicing  
turn exceeds said first threshold: decreasing said first threshold for a subsequent servicing  
4 of said first memory.

13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein said first  
2 deficit is set to zero if one of said first weight and said second weight has changed.

14. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said first servicing turn  
2 further comprises: determining whether said first memory is empty.

15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein said first servicing turn is  
2 terminated if, during said first servicing turn, either said first memory is determined to be  
empty or said amount of first priority data scheduled for transmission exceeds said first  
4 threshold.

16. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said determining  
2 comprises:  
incrementing a data counter for each unit of first priority data scheduled during  
4 said first servicing turn; and  
comparing said data counter to said first threshold.

17. (Original) The method of claim 16, wherein said data unit is a byte.

18. (Original) The method of claim 11, further comprising servicing said  
2 second memory in a second turn, wherein said servicing said second memory comprises:  
until at least one of:

4           said second memory is determined to be empty;  
5           one of said first weight and said second weight change; and  
6           an amount of data scheduled during said second turn for transmission over  
7           the communication link exceeds the lesser of said second threshold and said  
8           second threshold minus a second deficit, wherein said second deficit corresponds  
9           to an amount of data by which said second threshold was exceeded in one or more  
10          earlier servicing turns of said second memory;  
11          repeatedly:

12           receiving from said second memory a second descriptor describing a  
13          second set of data having said second priority;  
14           retrieving said second set of data;  
15           scheduling said second set of data for transmission via the communication  
16          link; and  
17           tracking an amount of data scheduled during said second turn by adding  
18          the size of said second set of data to a measure of data previously scheduled  
19          during said second turn.

20.        19. (Original)   The method of claim 18, wherein:  
21          said first memory corresponds to data having a highest priority; and  
22          if one of said first servicing turn and said second servicing turn terminates  
23          because one of said first dynamic weight and said second dynamic weight change, said  
24          first memory is the next memory serviced.

25.        20. (Original)   The method of claim 11, wherein the method is performed  
26          in a network interface circuit and the communication link is a network.

27.        21. (Original)   The method of claim 11, wherein said first dynamic weight  
28          is approximately equal to a maximum packet size of the communication link.

29.        22. (Original)   The method of claim 11, wherein said second dynamic  
30          weight is approximately equal to one.

23. (Cancelled)

24. (Previously Presented) A computer readable storage medium  
2      storing instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a  
4      method of scheduling data for transmission over a communication link by servicing, in  
4      turn, multiple memories associated with data having different priorities, the method  
comprising:  
6                storing in a first memory a first set of descriptors associated with data having a  
8      first priority, wherein said first memory has a first dynamic weight corresponding to a  
8      first threshold amount of data;  
10                storing in a second memory a second set of descriptors associated with data  
10      having a second priority, wherein said second memory has a second dynamic weight  
12                corresponding to a second threshold amount of data;  
12                in a first servicing turn of said first memory:  
14                determining whether one of said first weight and said second weight has  
14      changed;  
16                receiving a first descriptor from said first memory;  
16                parsing said first descriptor to identify a first data portion having said first  
18      priority;  
18                retrieving said first data portion from a host computer memory;  
20                scheduling said first data portion for transmission onto the communication  
link; and  
22                determining whether an amount of first priority data exceeding said first  
22      threshold has, during said first servicing turn, been scheduled for transmission;  
22      and  
24                if said first threshold has been exceeded, maintaining a first deficit to determine  
26      how much less than said first threshold of data may be scheduled during a subsequent  
26      servicing turn of said first memory, wherein said first deficit is initially proportional to  
said excess.

25. (Original) A communication interface device for transmitting  
2 prioritized data over a communication link, comprising:  
4           a first memory configured to store a descriptor corresponding to a first packet  
6 having a first priority, said first memory being associated with a first weight, wherein  
8 said first weight corresponds to a first preferred amount of data to be scheduled, during a  
10 first servicing turn of said first memory, for transmission over a communication link;  
12           a second memory configured to store a descriptor corresponding to a second  
14 packet having a second priority, said second memory being associated with a second  
16 weight, wherein said second weight corresponds to a second preferred amount of data to  
be scheduled, during a first servicing turn of said second memory, for transmission over  
said communication link;  
12           a transmission queue into which one of said first packet and said second packet is  
placed for transmission over a communication link; and  
14           an arbiter configured to monitor an amount of data retrieved during said servicing  
turn in which one of said first packet and said second packet is placed in said  
16 transmission queue;  
wherein said first weight and said second weight are dynamically adjustable.

26. (Original) The communication interface device of claim 25, further  
2 comprising a loader configured to retrieve said first packet for placing in said  
transmission queue during said servicing turn of said first memory.

27. (Original) The communication interface device of claim 26, wherein  
2 said loader is further configured to load a next descriptor for storage in one of said first  
memory and said second memory.

28. (Original) The communication interface device of claim 25, wherein  
2 said arbiter is further configured to determine whether an amount of data placed in said  
transmission queue during said first servicing turn of said first memory exceeds said first  
4 preferred amount of data to be placed in said transmission queue during said first  
servicing turn of said first memory.

29. (Original) The communication interface device of claim 28, wherein  
2 said first preferred amount of data is reduced by a deficit for a second servicing round of  
said first memory.

30. (Previously Presented) The communication interface device of  
2 claim 29, wherein said deficit corresponds to an amount of data, beyond said first  
4 preferred amount of data, that is placed in said transmission queue during said first  
servicing turn.

31. (Original) The communication interface device of claim 26, further  
2 comprising a multiplexer configured to pass said descriptor corresponding to said first  
4 packet to said arbiter and said loader during said first servicing turn of one of said first  
memory and said second memory.

32. (Currently Amended) A computer readable storage medium  
2 storing instructions that, when executed by a computer, cause the computer to perform a  
method of scheduling data for transmission over a communication link based on priorities  
4 assigned to the data, the method comprising:  
6 receiving multiple descriptors at a communication interface device, each of said  
descriptors describing a data portion having an associated priority;  
8 storing said descriptors in a plurality of memories on said communication  
interface device, wherein each of said memories is configured to store one or more of  
said descriptors describing data associated with a predetermined priority;  
10 maintaining a dynamic weight for each of said plurality of memories, wherein  
each said dynamic weight corresponds to a threshold amount of data associated with said  
12 predetermined priority; and  
14 servicing said plurality of memories, wherein each said servicing of one of said  
plurality of memories comprises:  
16 (a) receiving a descriptor from said serviced memory;  
(b) retrieving data described by said received descriptor, wherein the amount

of retrieved data may exceed said threshold amount;

- 18    (c)       scheduling said data for transmission via the communication link;
- (d)       determining whether an amount of data scheduled during said servicing
- 20       for transmission via said communication link exceeds said threshold amount of
- data corresponding to said dynamic weight for said serviced memory;
- 22    (e)       repeating states (a) through (d) for a next descriptor in said serviced
- memory if said amount of data scheduled for transmission during said servicing is
- 24       less than said threshold amount of data; and
- 26    (f)       if said amount of data scheduled for transmission exceeds said threshold
- amount of data, decreasing said threshold for a next servicing of said serviced
- memory.